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Orderability of spaces with linearly ordered uniform base

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INCLUSION ORDERING OF CLASSES OF E-COMPACTNESS

Jan Pelant, Alexander Šostak (Českosl. Akad. Věd, Praha 1, Československo), received 23.11. 1978

We answered negatively Mrówka's question [M] of whether classes between $\mathcal{K}(T(\omega_\alpha))$ and $\mathcal{K}(\mathcal{D})$ are linearly ordered by inclusion \subset . (\mathcal{D} denotes the two point discrete space, $T(\omega_\alpha)$ denotes the ordered space of ordinals less than ω_α). Our results can be divided into two parts:

1. More general results: using the Solovay theorem on stationary sets we proved:

Theorem: Let ω_α be an uncountable regular initial ordinal. Then there are $2^{2^{\omega_\alpha}}$ classes of E-compactness which are contained in $\mathcal{K}(T(\omega_\alpha))$, contain $\mathcal{K}(\mathcal{D})$ and are not comparable by inclusion.

2. More concrete results: we constructed several particular examples which solve Mrówka's question as well. In one of these constructions we used the compactification cN of a countable discrete space N satisfying: 1) no subsequence of N converges in cN , 2) there is no $M \subset N$ such that

$$\bar{M}^{cN} = \beta N \quad (= \text{the Čech-Stone compactification})$$

These results were achieved mainly during the second author's visit to Prague in December 1973.

P. Simon has recently constructed a very similar compactification $b(N)$ of N for which $b(N) = N$ is sequentially compact.

Reference:

[M] S. Mrówka: Further results on E-compact spaces, Acta math. (120)(1968), 161-185.

ORDERABILITY OF SPACES WITH LINEARLY ORDERED UNIFORM BASE

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Theorem: Let X be a nonmetrizable topological T_1 -space induced by a uniformity with a linearly ordered base. Then the topology of X is an order-topology.

This result generalizes that for topological groups proved by P.J. Nyikos, H.-C. Reichel (Gen. Top. Appl. 5(1975), 195-204) and that for spaces without isolated points proved by R. Frankiewicz, W. Kulpa (this issue). The result for metrizable 0-dimensional spaces was proved by H. Herrlich (Math. Ann. 159(1965), 77-80).

MODEL THEORETIC APPROACH TO CONCRETE CATEGORIES

Jiří Rosický (Universita J.E. Purkyně, Brno, Československo), received 24.11. 1978

An infinitary first-order language $L_{\infty, \infty}$ has a class of function symbols, a class of relation symbols and a class of